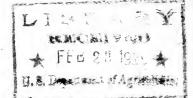
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# A List of Plants Especially Adapted to the South



Grown By
JUNGLE GARDENS, INC.
AVERY ISLAND, LOUISIANA



Holding Membership In

American Association of Nurserymen
Southwestern Association of Nurserymen
New Orleans Garden Society
New Orleans Horticultural Society
Louisiana Pecan Growers Association



HIS descriptive plant list is for the use of the resident agents of Jungle Gardens, Inc., and is not for general distribution to the public.

As Jungle Gardens, Inc., does no retail business from the home nursery it will positively not accept orders for local shipment. Agents are requested, therefore, to send no orders to the nursery for less than a carload.

Jungle Gardens, Inc., has developed a system of growing and marketing its plants with a minimum expense.

It offers to the public a quality of plants not surpassed by any nursery, and at prices that defy competition, but, these low prices are only obtainable through our several agencies, and for plants to be delivered by our agents.

Due to the extremely low price of our plants, all purchasers must distinctly understand that we will not replace a plant should one die.

We take pride in guaranteeing our plants true to name, free from disease, and in good, healthy growing condition. Our experience is that less than one-half of one per cent of our plants die after being set out.

We urge upon our agents and the public to get their plants set out as soon as possible after November 15th, as the spring growth then will be rapid and strong due to the new root system which will be developed during the winter, while the top of the plant is dormant.

We will be glad at all times to give prospective customers expert advice in all matters pertaining to the care of plants and landscaping.

We have in our employ a number of expert horticulturists and landscape engineers, and will be glad to send one of them for conference with customers, on a guarantee payment of his expenses and a per diem of \$15.00.

One of our specialties is the planning and laying out of golf courses, city parks and school grounds, in all of which we have had great experience.

# JUNGLE GARDENS, INC. E. A. McIlhenny, *Pres.* AVERY ISLAND, LOUISIANA

Members of

American Association of Nurserymen
Southwestern Association of Nurserymen
New Orleans Garden Society
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# Deciduous Trees and Shrubs

The line of distinction is often narrow, but a shrub has usually a number of stems branching from the ground, while a tree has a single trunk or stem.

Very few of the evergreens are as free bloomers, and as rich in color, as are deciduous shrubs. They are naturally bare in winter, but the fresh spring foliage often accompanied by the flowers add life to the landscape effect, in late winter and early spring, that would otherwise be dull and uninviting to the eye.

Deciduous shrubs should only be pruned immediately after flowering; to

prune in winter means the losing of many of the flowers.

Among the deciduous plants may be found many that make excellent specimens for the lawn or for street planting. The small ones are valuable in borders for their wealth of flowers and rich foliage.

No garden can be complete without a few of these very desirable subjects.

Acacia Farnesiana (Sweet Acacia) Mexico.

A fast-growing, deciduous shrub or small tree, reaching 12 to 15 ft. in height with mimosa-like foliage, producing small, deep yellow, globular flowers. Grown in France for perfumery. The large, pea-shaped seed pods contain tannin. Used to advantage as background to shrubbery. Should be grown in full sun.

Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_3-4 ft.\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.25 each

Albizzia julibrissin (Mimosa) Persia.

A large, flat-topped tree reaching 25 to 30 ft. in height, with a corresponding spread. Foliage large, mimosa-like. The tree literally covered in May and June with fluffy-like flowers, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches across, ranging in color from pinkish white to dark pink; very effective when in bloom. Useful for background planting, and as individual specimens where space permits. Should be grown in full sun.

Aleurites Fordii (Tung-oil Tree) China.

A very ornamental shade tree, reaching 25 ft. in height. Has a smooth, dark green bark, and large, effective, heart-shaped foliage. Flowers reddish white in large panicles opening in the spring, followed in September with walnut-like, poisonous nuts, which furnish a commercial oil used in the manufacture of paints and varnishes. Should be grown as individual specimens, especially adapted as lawn trees for shade.

Aralia pentaphylla (Rice-paper Plant) Japan.

A graceful shrub reaching 10 ft. in height, with arching branches, and bright green, shiny foliage. It has a few small thorns at base of leaves. Useful for shrubbery and background planting.

Bare root \_\_\_\_\_\_\_3 ft. \_\_\_\_\_\_\$ .65 each Bare root \_\_\_\_\_\_5 ft. \_\_\_\_\_\$1.00 each

Aralia spinosa (Devil's Walkingstick) Southern States.

Upright in growth, branching close to the ground, reaching 25 ft. or more in height. Stems very thorny. Its large cut leaf foliage and small, whit-

covered in early spring with bright scarlet flowers before the young leaves appear. Very effective in massed plantings where striking effects of color are desired in February and March. Useful for foreground planting and will stand partial shade.
Bare root
Cercis canadensis (Redbud, Judas Tree) Southern States.  A loose-growing tree reaching 25 to 30 ft. in height. It has dark brown wood and handsome, distinct, heart-shaped foliage. The branches are covered in early spring, before foliage appears, with bright red flowers. Very effective and ornamental. Useful for shrubbery planting in sun or partial shade.  Bare root
Bare root
Cornus florida (Flowering Dogwood) Southern States.
Small tree with spreading branches reaching 30 or more feet in favorable situations. Grows equally well under large trees in shade, or in full sun. It has handsome foliage with a brilliant fall coloring, and is literally covered in early spring, before the foliage appears, with white blossoms 2 to 3 inches across. One of the most beautiful native trees.
Balled
Deutzia scabra (Pride of Rochester) Japan.
Small, low-growing, bushy flowering shrub reaching 6 ft. in height. Small, dull green foliage, and is covered with white blossoms in early spring, giving the effect of a bank of snow. Useful for foreground planting of shrubbery and excellent for mass effects. Does well in partial shade and Northern exposures.
Balled\$ .50 each
Balled\$1.00 each
Diospyros virginiana (Persimmon) Southern States.
A slow-growing, upright tree reaching 30 ft. or more, fruit attractive, persisting until frost.
Bare root4 ft\$1.25 each
-4-

ish flowers in heavy terminal panicles, give the shrub a fine, sub-tropical ap-

Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_6-8 ft.\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

A large, ornamental shade tree, with bold, heart-shaped foliage. Flowers 2 inches across, white, spotted brown inside, produced in large panicles. Makes a desirable street tree; also useful for background planting and individual

Low-growing, branching shrub up to 6 ft. in height, with spiny branches

pearance. Fine for shrubbery and background planting.

specimens.

Catalpa speciosa (Western Catalpa) Southern States.

Cydonia japonica (Japanese Flowering Quince) Japan.

# Diospyros kaki (Japanese Persimmon) Japan.

A low-spreading tree of attractive growth, bearing a great abundance of large, highly colored, delicious fruit, some varieties weighing a half pound each.

#### Forsythia viridissima (Golden Bells) China.

Shrub with green, erect branches reaching 10 ft. in height, covered in early spring with bright, golden yellow flowers in great profusion, the entire length of the branches. One of our showiest early flowering shrubs, well adapted for use in shrubbery and for mass effects.

Balled \$ .50 each Balled \$ .51 each \$ .52 each \$ .55 ea

#### Hibiscus moscheutos (Giant Rose-Mallow) Eastern States.

Strong growing perennial 7 to 8 ft. in height, having heavy roots throwing up strong shoots in early summer and covered until winter with showy blossoms 4-6 inches across, ranging in color from white to dark maroon. This variety is the finest and showiest of all the marsh-mallows and one of our boldest subjects for planting in borders and roomy places, particularly in damp soil.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\$ .50 each

#### Hibiscus syriacus (Althea, Rose of Sharon) Asia.

Tree-like shrub with many upright branches reaching 12 ft. in height. Flowers borne in great profusion throughout entire summer resembling small double Hollyhocks 2½-3 inches across. Excellent for use in shrubbery or for avenue effects, where larger trees are not permissible. Color, double light pink.

Balled \$ .75 each Balled 5 ft. \$ 1.00 each

# Hydrangea otaksa (French Hybrids) Garden origin.

Ornamental, much-branched, woody shrub, reaching large proportions if allowed to grow unpruned. Large, bright, glossy, green leaves. Flowers borne in large trusses, opening in May and remaining on the shrub for many months. Colors range from white through the pinks to a deep cobalt blue. An excellent subject for foundation planting, on East and Northern exposures. Equally at home under trees where shade is not too dense.

Balled 2 yr. old plants \$1.00 each Balled 4 yr. old plants \$1.75 each

# Hypericum Moserianum (St. Johns Wort) Garden Hybrid.

Subshrub up to 4 ft. in height with ends of branches pendulous, small, glossy foliage almost evergreen, flowers 2 to 3 inches across, deep yellow, with spreading petals and numerous long stamens tipped with red. Blooms continuously and prefers partial shade. Excellent subject for foundation planting.

 Balled
 1½-2
 ft.
 \$ .75
 each

 Balled
 2-2½
 ft.
 \$1.00
 each

# Koelreuteria paniculata (Golden Rain Tree) Korea.

Tree to 30 ft. in height; leaves large, 12 to 14 inches long, with 10 or more leaflets; flowers yellow, borne at ends of branches in broad panicles 12 to

18 inches long, followed by conspicuous red, bladder-like seed pods. Excellent as an individual specimen for lawn, background planting or street tree.  Bare root
Lagerstroemia indica (Crepe Myrtle) India and China.  One of our noblest flowering small trees with smooth, brownish bark and small, glossy, green leaves; flowers produced at tips of branches in large trusses opening early in June, ranging in color from white to purple. Should be grown in every garden and excellent for street planting. If pruned slightly after first flowering, will give a wealth of bloom again in the Fall. Colors, Watermelon Red, Pink, Lavender and White.  Balled
Liriodendron tulipifera (Tulip Tree) U. S.  A strong growing forest tree belonging to the Magnolia family. Leaves large and attractive. Flowers resemble closely the garden tulip and about the same size; yellow-green, conspicuously marked with orange, the fruit, an upright cone, decorating the tree all winter. A splendid shade tree, and one of the best for street planting.  Bare root
Parkinsonia aculeata (Jerusalem Thorn) Trop. America.  Sub-tropical tree 12 to 15 ft. tall and spreading with light green, smooth bark and spiny thorns 1 to 1½ inches long; foliage large and feathery-like, covered in summer with small, fragrant flowers. Fine as individual specimen and street tree; also makes an effective tall hedge.  Bare root
Bare root
Photinia villosa. China.  Upright shrub to 15 ft. Leaves sharply serrated, dark green, glabrous above. Flowers 1½-2 inches broad, white in early spring. Fruit ⅓ inch long, bright scarlet, holding until late winter. Very showy.  Bare root
Populus alba nivea (Silver Poplar) U. S.  Large, much-branched, rapid-growing tree, with large leaves, glossy green above and white beneath. Useful for foliage effects in large plantings.  Bare root
Populus deltoides (Carolina Poplar) U. S.  Large, rapid-growing tree, somewhat spreading in habit, with large, bright green, glossy leaves, broader than long. Splendid street tree. Excellent as individual specimen and for foliage effects in large plantings.  Bare root

Populus nigra italica (Lombardy Poplar) Italy.  A very fast growing tree, having tall, narrow, columnar growth. Widely known for its individuality. Of value where strong contrast in planting it desired.  Bare root
Punica legrelli (Flowering Pomegranate) Garden origin.  The well-known, double-flowering, scarlet pomegranate, a large, much branched shrub 12 to 15 ft. high. Bright, glossy, green foliage with ruddy tints on new growth and showy, scarlet, double flowers 2 inches and more across. Excellent for interspersing in shrubbery and as individual specimens also adapted for large hedges.  Balled  4 ft.  \$ .75 each Balled  5 ft.  \$ 1.25 each
Salix elegantissima (Weeping Willow) Garden origin.  The well-known weeping willow. Very effective when properly placed in water effects and for cemetery use. Reaches large proportions up to 30 ft in height, with equal spread in rich soil where plenty of moisture is available  Bare root
Sambucus canadensis laciniata (Cutleaf Elder).  Small spreading shrub to 4 ft. in height with large, much-dissected foliage. Most effective when covered in summer with enormous panicles of white flowers followed with bunches of small, blue-black berries. Useful for shrubbery planting.  Bare root
Sapium sebiferum (Chinese Tallow Tree) China.  Tall tree to 30 ft. in height, with broad, effective foliage beautifully colored in fall. Flowers whitish in terminal racemes followed by interesting, small fruits, of which the chickens are very fond. The wax of the seed covering has an economic value in the making of candles, soap, etc. Useful for individual specimens and in large plantings. Should be in every barn yard.  Bare root
Sesbania tripetii. Argentina.  Small tree to 6 ft. Leaves mimosa-like, flowers orange red in drooping racemes. A very showy shrub when a number are planted close together, as the bloom is profuse and very showy, and if pruned back after the spring bloom will make a second and third bloom during the summer. Should be heavily winter pruned as the bloom is made on the young growth.  Bare root  2-4 ft.  \$1.00 each Bare root  4-6 ft.  \$1.50 each
Spiraea bumalda "Anthony Waterer" (Crimson).  Small compact shrub 2 to 3 ft. high, very free flowering, bright crimson, rather dense clusters. Excellent for foreground plantings. Prefers an Eastern or Northern exposure. Will stand partial shade.  Balled 2-3 ft. \$.75 each Balled 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each

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Spiraea	Billiardi.	Garden	origin.

Rather upright-growing, reaching 5 ft. in height. Flowers produced in spike-like trusses at ends of shoots 6 to 8 inches long, bright pink in color and very effective for foreground planting. Prefers Eastern and Northern exposures. Will stand some shade.

Balled 2-3 ft. \$ .75 each
Balled 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each

# Spiraea prunifolia fl. pl. (Double Bridal Wreath) China.

Graceful, much-branched shrub reaching 8 ft. in height. One of the most effective of all the spiraeas. Its long, arching branches covered with snow-white, double flowers the entire length, produced in very early spring, make it one of the most popular of our early flowering shrubs. Can be used as individual specimens or in the foreground of shrubbery planting.

# Spiraea Thunbergi. Japan.

Much-branched shrub to 5 ft. in height. A very graceful, early-flowering shrub with feathery, light green foliage, its slender arching branches covered with single white blossoms. Useful for low plantings in mass effects and foundation shrubbery.

# Spiraea Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath) Garden Origin.

Shrub 6-8 ft. high with arching branches and drooping with a wealth of snowy white single blossoms, the whole bush resembling a bank of snow, when in full bloom. Excellent for individual specimens, foundation planting and for banking in shrubbery.

Balled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \$ .75 each Balled \_\_\_\_\_\_ \$ ft. \_\_\_\_\_ \$ 1.25 each

# Sterculia platanifolia (Varnish Tree) China.

Strong-growing, smooth-barked, round-headed tree of medium size. Leaves very large, five-lobed, like maple leaves, flowers small, greenish white. A splendid shade tree for lawn or street border.

Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_4-6 ft.\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

# Symphoricarpos albus (Snowberry) Northern U.S.

Shrub with slender upright branches 2 to 5 ft. high, leaves small and airy, giving the impression of maiden hair fern. Flowers pinkish in terminal spikes, fruit globose, snow white  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. long, holding until late winter.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.00 each

# Tamarix gallica (Salt Cedar) W. Europe.

Shrub or small tree 8-12 ft. with slender spreading branches, clothed with fine feathery foliage. Flowers borne in large trusses, pink in color. In summer very decorative. Fine for seaside planting and low, wet soils.

# Ulmus americana (American Elm) U.S.

Ornamental tree attaining large proportions and one of our favorite sub-

jects for avenue planting and shade tree for lawn and garden.  Bare root
Ulmus parviflora (Chinese Compact Elm) China.  A very interesting and beautiful Elm of recent introduction of smaller growth and pendulous habit, holding its foliage till late winter, and doing remarkably well in the Southern States. Excellent for individual specimen and street planting.  Bare root
Vitex agnus castus (Lilac Chaste Tree) S. Europe.  Shrubby spreading tree to 20 ft. with fine, lace-like foliage, flowers with a strong, aromatic odor, produced in dense, usually terminal clusters of a pale lilac color. Very useful for background plantings as it gives a touch of color in summer.  Balled
Vitex agnus castus alba.  A white flowering form of the preceding.  Balled
Vitex negundo (Blue Chaste Tree) India.  A graceful shrub or small tree of loose or open habit with handsome foliage to 15 ft. in height. Flowers in loose terminal panicles 6 to 8 inches long and a rich blue color. Excellent for individual specimen and background plantings.  Balled
Weigelia rosea (Syn. Diervilla florida) China.  One of the finest of our early flowering shrubs, reaching 8 ft. or more in height. Their striking foliage contrasts well with other shrubs and in early spring they are simply a mass of rich pink flowers, borne all along the branches. Very effective when planted in shrubbery border or in specimen groups.  Balled
Evergreen Trees and Shrubs

# Evergreen Trees and Shrubs

In this class we group what are commonly termed broad-leaf evergreens to distinguish them from the Conifers, or cone-bearing trees. They vary in size from the largest trees to the smallest shrubs, and as they hold their foliage the whole year, they are indispensable in creating that rich foliage effect throughout the winter months, that only those living in the South may fully enjoy. We list only those varieties that have proved hardy and of exceptional merit for local conditions, and among the varieties described, subjects may be found to suit every location and condition.

Abelia grandiflora. Garden origin.

A very graceful, free-flowering shrub 5 to 6 ft. in height with small, glossy, green leaves. Flowers are tubular, nearly an inch long, white flushed with pink, borne in loose terminal panicles. The large, ruddy sepals remain after the flowers fall, making it a very attractive shrub the whole year

through. One of our best shrubs for foundation planting and massed effects; does well in sandy soil and prefers full sun.  Balled
Ardisia crenulata (Christmas Berry Bush) E. Indies.  A handsome shrub 3 to 5 ft. in height, grown for its beautiful foliage and drooping clusters of coral-red, attractive berries, which hang on the plant the whole winter through. Leaves are bright and shiny, with wavy margins 8 to 12 inches long and 2 to 2½ inches across. Flowers white in terminal panicles; fragrant. Its very decorative fruit makes it one of the choicest ornamentals for the winter months. Excellent for grouping and for foundation planting.  Balled  1 ft.  \$1.00 each Balled  2 ft.  \$2.50 each Azalea indica formosa. China.
Well-known, compact, slow-growing shrub covered in late winter with large, funnel-shaped flowers, rosy and carmine in color. Grows equally well in any situation, making it, without doubt, the most popular flowering plant grown in the South today. Commercial fertilizers should never be applied to Azaleas; use only nature's plant food which is sold under the name of humus.  Balled  10-12 in. spread  \$ .75 each Balled  1½-2 ft. spread  \$ 2.00 each Balled  2-3 ft. spread  \$ 4.50 each
Buddleia asiatica. Eastern Asia.  Fast-growing shrub or small tree 10 to 15 ft. in height, large foliage, leaves 4 to 8 in. long, light green above, whitish beneath. Flowers bloom in mid-winter and they are white, fragrant, in slender drooping panicles 3 to 6 inches long. Should be grown in sunny, sheltered situation. Excellent as background planting in shrubbery.  Balled  3-5 ft.  \$1.50 each
Buddleia officinalis. China.  Another mid-winter flowering variety similar to asiatica, but with lilac colored flowers.  Balled
Buddleia magnifica. China.  A very handsome species with showy flowers appearing in great profusion through the summer months. Flowers in dense terminal panicles 6-8 inches long, deep rose purple in color. Prune severely in late winter before growth commences to encourage bushy habit.  Balled
Buxus japonica (Common Creole Boxwood) Japan.  Ornamental shrub grown chiefly for its handsome foliage. Excellent for low-growing hedges, bordering walks, etc., and for trimmed specimens in vases and porch receptacles. Can be trimmed to any height or shape.  Balled 9-12 in. bushy 5.50 each Balled 51-2-2 ft. bushy 51.75 each

Camellia japonica. Sub-tropical Asia.

Well known shrubby tree, reaching 20 to 25 ft. in height with large, dark, glossy leaves, covered in winter with flowers 3 to 6 inches across, ranging in color from waxy white through the pinks and reds. Grows very slowly but

begins blooming when young. Should be in every garden, as they are so extremely beautiful when in flower that all the care given them is well repaid.  Balled
Cassia corymbosa (Flowering Senna) Argentina.  Very free-flowering shrub 6 to 10 ft. in height, large, mimosa-like foliage. Flowers yellow in long stalked trusses opening in early summer. Excellent for dry situations, on banks or mixed with shrubbery.  Balled 3-4 ft. 5.75 each Balled 4-6 ft. \$1.25 each
Cestrum nocturnum (Queen of the Night) W. Indies.  Loose-growing shrub with slender branches rising from the ground 6 to 8 ft. in height, foliage attractive and light green. Flowers continuously through summer months, greenish white in color and very fragrant at night. Rather tender but growing readily from the ground each year. Excellent for shrubbery planting on account of its very fragrant flowers.  Balled  Strong plants  \$2.00 each
Cinnamomum camphora (Camphor Tree) China.  One of our best evergreen shade and street trees, reaching 25 to 30 ft. in height. Foliage very attractive and strongly scented with camphor. Bright, glossy green and having a reddish tint when young. Commercial camphor is extracted from the wood.  Balled
Cocculus laurifolia. Himalayas.  A very handsome shrub of recent introduction, with ornamental foliage, 10 to 15 ft. in height, with arching branches. Leaves 4 to 6 inches long, bright green and glossy; strongly veined. Excellent for foreground and foundation planting, giving a very pleasing foliage effect.  Balled
Elaeagnus pungens reflexa. Japan.  An ornamental shrub with interesting foliage, leaves 2-4 inches long, light green above, silvery beneath, and covered with brown scales. Flowers are inconspicuous, followed by fruit about \(\frac{3}{4}\) inches long and mottled like the foliage. Should be pruned while growing if desired to grow in shrub form, but excellent for covering old stumps or unsightly objects, as its long branches will grow 10 ft. or more in one season.  Balled
Balled5 ft\$2.00 each
Eriobotrya japonica (Loquat) Japan.  Small tree to 20 ft. in height. Very striking foliage 6 to 10 inches long, bright green above, rusty beneath. Flowers white, almost hidden in their rusty, woolly covering; very fragrant; borne throughout the winter months, followed with yellow fruit 1½-2 inches long and pear-shaped, of an agreeable acid flavor. Used for background planting and as individual specimens, plant where the fragrance of the blossoms may be enjoyed during the winter months.  Balled  3 ft.  \$2.00 each
Balled6 ft\$5.00 each

#### Erythrina crista-galli (Coral Tree) Brazil.

A bushy-like tree usually with a very short trunk, throwing up strong branches from the stem near the ground each year. Flowers striking, large and brilliant crimson in color, borne in dense panicles in early summer. Does best when pruned back to the old wood before growth commences.

Balled.....\$2.00 each

#### Erythrina herbacea. Southern States.

Native perennial, with several stems growing from the ground in early spring, 2-4 ft. high. Flowers 2 inches long, deep scarlet, in loose spikes 2 to 3 ft. high. Useful for foreground planting in borders.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

#### Escallonia Berteriana. South America.

An interesting shrub 5 to 6 ft. in height, with dark green, glossy foliage. Flowers are pure white resembling somewhat the old-fashioned lilac of gardens. Useful for shrubbery and foundation planting.

Fatsia papyrifera (Chinese Paper Plant) Formosa.

A striking plant, large, palmate foliage, with tropical effect, reaches 15 to 20 ft. in height. Flowers rather inconspicuous in large clusters. Useful for planting in shady places where tropical effect is desired, and excellent for waterside planting.

Gardenia florida (Cape Jasmine) China.

Small, dense-growing shrub 3 to 5 ft. in height, with very glossy, attractive foliage and large, double, waxy Camellia-like fragrant flowers, borne in May and June. Excellent for foundation and foreground planting, also useful for hedges  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft. in height.

 Balled
 1 ft.
 \$ .50 each

 Balled
 2 ft.
 \$1.00 each

 Balled
 3 ft.
 \$1.50 each

#### Gardenia radicans.

A smaller growing variety of Gardenia florida, making attractive dense bushes 2 to 3 ft. high, and bearing small, white flowers  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches across. Should be grown in a warm, sunny situation.

Balled 1-2 ft. \$1.00 each Balled 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each

# Ilex opaca (American Holly) U.S.A.

An ornamental, slow-growing tree, with spreading, short branches, 20 to 30 ft. in height; fine, dull green, glossy foliage; leaves, 2 to 4 inches long. Covered in winter with dull scarlet holly berries. Useful for background planting and small avenue effects.

Balled 3 ft. \$2.00 each Balled 4 ft. \$3.00 each

Ilex vomitora (Native Yaupon) Southern States.

A shrubby tree with spreading branches, small foliage, leaves  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 inch long, literally covered all winter with small, bright orange holly berries. One of our best subjects for a  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 ft. hedge; for permanency cannot be equalled

in the South. Useful also for background planting when allowed to grow
naturally.
Balled
Balled5-6 ft\$2.50 each
Jasminum grandiflorum (Spanish Jasmine) India.
A loose-growing, nearly erect shrub, prized for its attractive, white, fragrant
flowers, reaching 7 to 8 ft. in height. Excellent for shrubbery planting.
Balled\$1.50 each
Jasminum nudiflorum. China.  Similar to the above but not such a vigorous grower, and having yellow
flowers.
Balled\$ .50 each
Jasminum white star.
A smaller growing variety, with almost ever-blooming white flowers. Ex-
cellent for covering banks and foundation planting.
Pollad covering banks and foundation planting.
Balled\$1.50 each
Jasminum primulinum (Primrose Jasmine) Yunnan.
The strongest growing of all the Jasmines, making a very large bush when
allowed to grow naturally, doing best if supported. Bright green, attractive
foliage, blooms in mid-winter with numerous large, yellow blossoms.
Balled\$ ft\$ .75 each
Balled \$1.25 each
Ligustrum gracilis (Bushy Waxleaf Privet) Japan.
Our most popular shrub for foundation planting, under almost any con-
dition; also makes an excellent large hedge. Heavy, black-green, glossy foliage
leaves, 2 to 3 inches long. Covered in early spring with fragrant white blos-
soms resembling the old-fashioned lilac, followed by bunches of small, blue-
black berries. Indispensable where a shrub of 4 to 8 ft. in height is required.
Should be pruned in summer after flowering.
Balled
Balled
Balled 6 ft. \$4.25 each
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Ligustrum iawata (Spreading Waxleaf Privet) Japan.
Similar to gracilis but having smaller foliage, with slight yellow variegation
and much more spreading in habit.
Balled3 ft\$1.25 each
Balled \$2.50 each
Ligustrum lucidum (Glossy Tree Privet) China.
A tree form of Privet used extensively for street and avenue planting;
also makes a very desirable shade tree. Foliage of lighter green than gracilis
and more tree-like, reaching 20 to 25 ft. in height.
Balled
Balled 4 ft. \$ .75 each Balled 7 ft. \$2.50 each
Magnolia grandiflora. Southern States.
A noble native tree attaining a height of 50 to 75 ft.; recognized as one
of the grandest of all broad-leafed, evergreen trees. Leaves thick and bright,
glossy above and lighter beneath, 5 to 8 inches long. Flowers white, fragrant,
sometimes 12 inches across. Opening in May.
Balled2 ft\$1.25 each
Ralled 4 ft \$2.00 each

Mahonia aquifolium (Oregon Grape).

Small, bushy shrub, 3 to 6 ft. in height, very attractive foliage, 8 to 12 inches long, with holly-like leaflets. Flowers in late winter in large terminal trusses, bright yellow in color, followed by bunches of grape-like berries, blueblack in color. Very useful for mass effects, and for foundation and foreground planting. Does well in partial shade.

Balled 2 ft. \$1.50 each Balled 3 ft. \$2.00 each

Malvaviscus grandiflora (Giant Turk's Cap) S. America.

Tall shrub with slender stems, leaves light green and heart-shaped. Flowers, borne in profusion almost continuously, bright scarlet, shaped like a Turk's cap, 3 inches long. Excellent for shrubbery planting and in sheltered situations, somewhat tender but growing from the ground again in the spring. Best pruned to the ground every year in late winter.

 Balled
 2 yr. old plants
 \$1.25 each

 Balled
 3 yr. old plants
 \$2.50 each

Myrtus communis microphylla (True Classic Myrtle) S. Europe.

A very attractive, small shrub, reaching 6 ft. or more in height, with small, dark green, glossy foliage, having a very aromatic odor, small, white, fluffy flowers borne in summer, followed by small black berries ½ inch in length. Excellent for foundation and foreground planting and low hedges. Can be pruned to any desired shape.

Balled 1-2 ft. \$1.50 each Balled 3 ft. \$3.00 each

Nandina domestica. Japan.

One of the sacred plants of Japan. A small, slender shrub with bamboolike stems 3 to 5 ft. in height, covered with fern-like foliage. Flowers pinkish white in terminal clusters, followed by brilliant scarlet berries, which hang on all winter. One of our most attractive shrubs, unexcelled for foundation and foreground planting, and very effective when planted in masses. Should be in every garden.

 Balled
 2 ft
 \$1.50 each

 Balled
 3 ft
 \$2.00 each

Nerium oleander (Oleander) S. Europe.

The old-fashioned evergreen shrub grown everywhere in the South. Erect shrub reaching 10 to 12 ft. in height, foliage long and narrow and always attractive. Flowers borne in loose trusses. Colors: Cream, double pink, single pink, red and white.

Balled 2 ft. \$1.00 each
Balled 4 ft. \$2.50 each

Persea glauca (Louisiana Sweet Bay) Southern States.

Tree grown for its aromatic and culinary leaves, reaching 30 ft. or more in height. Leaves 3 to 5 inches long and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches wide, light green above, whitish beneath. Flowers inconspicuous, fruit  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch long, black and pearshaped. This tree must not be confused with the swamp bay, which is Magnolia glauca, having small, white Magnolia blossoms. The leaves of this tree are used largely in seasoning the celebrated creole dishes of Louisiana. Should be in every Southern garden.

Balled 3-4 ft. \$1.75 each Balled 5-6 ft. \$2.50 each

#### Photinia serrulata. China.

Large, round-topped shrub 15 to 20 ft. in height, very handsome foliage. Leaves 5 to 7 inches long and 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide, dark green and glossy above, yellowish beneath. Flowers white in large heads, borne through the summer months. A very striking ornamental shrub. Excellent for background planting and individual specimens.

Balled 4 ft. \$2.00 each Balled 6 ft. \$6.50 each

# Pittosporum tobira. Japan.

Bushy shrub 6 to 8 ft. in height, leaves rich and glossy, 2 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches long and 1 to 2 inches wide. Flowers in late winter at tips of growth, white and fragrant, resembling orange blossoms. One of our most valuable shrubs for foundation and foreground planting. Excellent also for individual specimens; can be pruned during the growing season to any desired shape.

#### Pittosporum tobira variegata.

Growth like the ordinary Pittosporum but with silver gray leaves mottled with white. A very beautiful plant.

Balled \_\_\_\_\_\_ I ft. spread \_\_\_\_\_\_ \$1.00 each Balled \_\_\_\_\_ 2 ft. spread \_\_\_\_\_ \$2.00 each

#### Plumbago capensis. South Africa.

A semi-climbing shrub making a rather dense, soft growth. Although somewhat tender, it readily sprouts from the root and makes a very attractive shrub in a few weeks. Blooms continuously, the whole plant covered with beautiful azure blue flowers. Useful for mass effects and foundation planting.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yr. old clump\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.00 each

# Podocarpus macrophylla (Japanese Yew) Japan.

Ornamental tree grown principally for its attractive dense foliage 15 to 20 ft. in height, with horizontal spreading branches. Foliage very dark green, leaves 3 to 4 inches long and  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch wide. Flowers inconspicuous. Very effective when pruned to an upright shape, making excellent specimens for lawn and foundation planting.

 Balled
 3 ft.
 \$2.50 each

 Balled
 4 ft.
 \$3.00 each

 Balled
 5 ft.
 \$5.00 each

# Prunus caroliniana (Cherry Laurel) Southern States.

A tree when allowed to grow naturally reaches 20 or more feet in height. Rich foliage, thick, dark green and shiny, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches long and 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide. Flowers white in narrow racemes 6 inches long. Should be pruned to any desired shape or size during the growing season. Excellent for large hedges, and one of our most valued shrubs for any situation in the garden.

 Balled
 3 ft.
 \$1.25 each

 Balled
 6 ft.
 \$3.00 each

Quercus virginiana (Live Oak) S. States.

Our well known Southern Live Oak reaching 50 ft. or more in height with almost horizontal limbs. One of the most beautiful of the American Oaks and unsurpassed as an avenue or shade tree.

Balled \$1.50 each Balled \$3.00 each

#### Serissa foetida. S. E. Asia.

A low-growing, evergreen shrub, with small, brilliant, green leaves on drooping branches, covered all summer with star-shaped, white flowers about 1 inch across. Valuable for foreground planting and in pots.

Viburnum japonicum. Japan.

Dense shrub reaching 6 to 8 ft. in height. Leaves large and thick, 3 to 5 inches long, 2 to 3 inches wide. Grown principally for its foliage and is an excellent shrub for shrubbery and foundation planting.

Balled 2 ft. \$1.25 each
Balled 4 ft \$2.50 each

Viburnum suspensum. China.

Spreading shrub attains 5 to 6 ft. in height. Attractive foliage 2 to 4 inches long and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches wide, dark green above, paler beneath. Flowers white in dense panicles. Another fine subject for shrubbery and foundation planting. Does very well in partial shade.

Balled 2 ft. \$1.25 each
Balled 3 ft. \$2.50 each

Viburnum tinus (Laurustinus) S. Europe.

Well known ornamental shrub 8 to 10 ft. in height, rather upright growth, with fine, dense foliage 2 to 3 inches long, 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide. Flowers white, slightly fragrant; borne in late winter. Excellent for foreground and foundation planting, also one of our best hedge plants where a height of 3 to 5 ft. is desired.

Balled 2-3 ft. \$1.25 each Balled 3-4 ft. \$2.50 each

# Arbor Vitaes and Other Conifers (Evergreen)

The cone bearing trees are without doubt the aristocrats of the garden. These beautiful and dignified plants are deserving of far more attention than they are now receiving. Being of somewhat slow growth they are long-lived, and in consequence should be carefully planted, allowing ample room for permanent development. They embrace every conceivable shape, from the dignified, upright-growing Italian Cypress to the trailing habit of Juniperus Pfitzeriana. For individual specimens they are unexcelled and among them are subjects for hedge plants, that will outlive any other.

Thuya orientalis (Common Arborvitae) E. Asia.

Pyramidal or bushy tree attaining 20 ft. or more in height. Branches usually ascending with many branchlets flattened and clothed with frond-like foliage. Cones appear in early spring, light grey in color, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch

hedges.			
Balled	I ft	\$1.00 each	
Balled	2 ft	\$1.50 each	
Balled	3 ft	\$2.00 each	
Balled	6 ft	\$3.50 each	
Thuya aurea conspicua (G Very pyramidal in outline intense golden foliage suffused during the winter months. O ing and as individual specimens Balled Balled Balled Thuya aurea nana (Berkm More conical in shape tha	coldspire Arborve, attaining a height with green makes one of the finest such as a ft	vitae) Garden Origin.  It of 12 ft. or more. The sthis variety very attractive bjects for foundation plant-  \$1.00 each \$2.00 each \$3.00 each \$4.00 each arden Origin.  Ind dwarfer in habit; 5 to 7	
ft. in height. The suffused gold			
make this variety one of the m			
Balled	I ft	\$1.00 each	
Balled	2 ft	\$2.00 each	
Balled	4 ft	\$3.00 each	
Thuya bonita.	•	d growth, but a very distinct	
and pleasing green color. A fir			
Balled			
Balled			
Balled	3 ft	\$3.00 each	
Thuya compacta.			
	irable form.	and fern-like, reaches 12 to	
Balled	1 it	\$1.00 each	
Balled	4 It	\$3.00 each	
Thuya globosa.  Globe-like in form, growing into a round ball, dark green with fine foliage 3 to 4 ft. in height. Excellent for individual specimens.			
Balled			
Balled		·	
Balled	3 It	\$4.00 each	
Thuya pyramidalis.  Tall and pyramidal in for green and very imposing, fine tan individual specimen. Reach Balled	for background whe es 15 to 20 ft. in1 ft	height. \$1.00 each	
Balled			
Balled			
	17		

long and horn-like. The most popular of the Conifers for screening and large

hedges.

#### Thuya Rosedale.

A distinct type totally unlike the other Thuyas in appearance. Globular, merging into the conical in shape, reaching 4 to 5 ft. in height. Foliage very pleasing and distinct. Bluish grey in color and very fine and fern-like.

BalledI	ft\$1.00	each
Balled2		
Balled4	ft\$3.00	each

#### Cedrus deodara (Blue Cedar) Asia.

Large, coniferous evergreen reaching 50 or more ft. in height, with wide spreading branches becoming pendulous at the ends. Foliage needle-like, 2 to 4 inches long and usually grayish in color. An excellent specimen for the lawn where space permits, or for street planting.

BalledI	[	ft <b>.</b> \$1.00	each
Balled3	:	ft\$2.50	each
Balled4			

# Chamaecyparis obtusa. Japan.

Slow-growing conifer, reaching large proportions in its native habitat. Has horizontal branches, the branches flattened and frond-like, pendulous at the tips. Foliage bright green and shiny above, with whitish lines beneath. Very desirable for foundation planting and as individual specimens.

BalledI	ft\$1.00	each
Balled2	ft\$1.50	each
Balled3	ft\$2.50	each

#### Chamaecyparis pisifera.

Similar to obtusa but smaller in growth and looser in habit and of a light green foliage.

Balled1	ft\$1.00	each
Balled2	ft\$2.00	each
Balled3	ft\$3.00	each
Balled4	ft\$4.00	each

# Chamaecyparis plumosa.

A variety of pisifera with foliage very plume-like and feathery, with a dense growth conical in outline. A very decorative Conifer with a pleasing green color.

BalledI	ft\$1.00 each
Balled2	ft\$2.00 each
Balled3	ft\$3.00 each
Balled4	ft\$4.00 each

#### Chamaecyparis plumosa aurea.

An exceptionally fine variety of plumosa, with foliage of a golden hue.

accpulonally 1	mic variety	or brain	osa, with	Tollage OI	a 501
Balled		ı ft		\$1.00	each
Balled		2 ft		\$2.00	each
Balled		3 ft		\$3.00	each
Balled		9			

C1
Chamaecyparis squarrosa Veitchi.
Another variety of pisifera with a densely branched habit, making it ver
distinct and pleasing. Branchlets are very feathery, bluish above and silver
beneath.
Balled1 ft\$1.00 each
Balled2 ft\$2.00 each
Balled3 ft\$3.00 each
Balled4 ft\$4.00 each
Cupressus sempervirens horizontalis (Horizontal Cypress) S
Europe.
Tall-growing conifer, reaching 50 or more ft. in height, with horizonta
branches and dark green foliage, having an aromatic odor.
Balled2 ft\$1.25 each
Balled4 ft\$2.00 each
Balled5 ft\$3.00 each
Balled7 ft\$4.00 each
Cupressus sempervirens stricta (Italian Cypress) S. Europe.
A variety of the preceding, with stiff, short branches growing closely t
the main stem, forming a narrow, columnar head, growing 20 ft. or more i
height. This is the classical Cypress of the Greek and Roman writers.
Palled Crassical Cypress of the Greek and Roman writers.
Balled 2 ft. \$1.25 each
Balled 4 ft. \$2.00 each
Balled \$3.00 each
Balled7 ft\$4.00 each
Juniperus chinensis (Chinese Juniper) China.
Loose-growing tree, reaching 20 or more ft. in height, with rather slende
branches. Leaves small and needly-like, of a grayish color. Useful as a speci
men and for foundation planting.
Balled2 ft\$1.00 each
Balled3 ft\$2.00 each
Balled5 ft\$3.00 each
Juniperus compacta depressa.
Compact-growing conifer with many branches clinging close to the ground
light green in color and with a spread of 10 ft. or more eventually. Excellen
for covering banks and for foreground planting.
Balled1 ft. spread\$1.50 each
Balled2 ft. spread\$2.50 each
Juniperus Pfitzeriana.
Similar to the preceding in habit, but more vigorous in growth and ver
effective where a low-growing, spreading plant is desired.
Balled1 ft. spread\$1.00 each
Balled2 ft. spread\$2.50 each
Balled3 ft. spread\$3.50 each
Juniperus sylvestris.
A variety of chinensis but smaller in growth and very dense and of
pleasing light green color. One of the best of the Junipers for specimer

2 ft. \$2.50 each 4 ft. \$5.00 each Juniperus virginiana (Virginian Cedar).

The well-known, so-called Cedar, with wood having an aromatic odor. Tall-growing and compact in habit, reaching 25 or more ft. in height. The Southern type has feathery foliage, giving a pleasing contrast to the landscape. Splendid for large hedges as it prunes well.

BalledI	ft\$1.00	each
Balled3	ft\$2.00	each
Balled5		

Pinus caribaea (Slash Pine) Cuba.

A native Pine 100 ft. or more in height, with horizontally spreading branches forming a round-topped, broad and compact head. Leaves dark green and lustrous, pointed in whorls of threes and twos, 8 to 12 inches long.

Balled2	ft\$2.00	each
Balled3	ft\$3.00	each
	ft\$4.00	

# Vines and Climbers

Among the Vines and Climbers are to be found those subjects that are indispensable for covering bare walls, pergolas, fences, outhouses, etc.

Bignonia ungus-cati (Yellow Trumpet Creeper) Argentine.

Woody evergreen tendril climber. Small, attractive foliage which clings closely. Flowers trumpet-shaped, 2 inches long, of a clear bright yellow, produced in early summer. A useful vine for covering buildings and outhouses.

1 year plants.....\$ .75 each

Ficus repens (Climbing Fig) Japan.

A close clinging evergreen vine with thick, leathery, dark green foliage, small when young,  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch long, becoming larger as the vine matures with leaves  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches long. Very slow in growth the first two years, afterwards growing very rapidly and covering large areas. Excellent for covering low walls where it can be controlled, and for large buildings where allowed to grow naturally. Prefers a sunny exposure.

Strong potted plants .....\$ .75 each

Hedera helix (English Ivy) S. Europe.

Well known root climbing vine with handsome evergreen foliage. Valuable for covering walls, trunks of trees and trellis work, also excellent for ground covering under trees and in the shade.

1 year plants\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$ .50 each 2 year plants (heavy)\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

Lonicera americana (Common Honeysuckle) Southern States.

Medium growing shrubby vine, with evergreen foliage 2 to 4 inches long. Blooms continuously, flowers yellowish and very fragrant. Useful for covering old fences and unsightly banks.

2 year plants \$ .75 each

Lonicera sempervirens superba (Red Flowering) Southern States.

A red flowering honeysuckle which blooms continuously. Very useful for covering fences and trunks of trees. Not so vigorous as common honeysuckle, but very valuable, as it blooms in mid-winter.

2 year plants\_\_\_\_\_\$1.00 each

Trachelospermum jasminoides (Confederate Jasmin) China.

An evergreen, climbing, shrubby vine, with dark green, shiny leaves and covered in the Spring with small, white star, Jasmine-like, fragrant flowers. Should have a sunny exposure, and is equally effective when massed in beds and kept pruned low.

Strong plants \$ .75 each

Wisteria chinensis. China.

Stout, deciduous vine, attaining woody trunk with age. The noblest of the woody vines when in blossom. The large trusses of blue, pea-shaped flowers in early spring are very attractive, and it is to be found growing in gardens all over the world.

I year old plants......\$ .75 each

Antigonon leptopus (Rosa de Montana) Mexico.

One of the most vigorous and beautiful flowering vines ever discovered. Foliage very profuse, large leaves, glossy and striking in appearance. Flowers of brilliant pink borne on long, graceful racemes, in bloom all summer. Killed to the ground in winter, but grows vigorously from the roots.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_Strong 2 yr. old plants\_\_\_\_\$ .50 each

# Bamboos

A very distinctive class of plants that are in reality giant ornamental grasses. We list here only a few varieties which have been found very hardy and best suited for local conditions. They make wonderful subjects as individual specimens on the lawn and are unexcelled as high screens to blot out undesirable objects. When used as screens or hedges they should be planted 5 to 6 ft. apart. The plants we offer are divisions from old clumps and have sufficient root strength to give immediate large effects. The first three varieties grow in the form of clumps and are most effective as screens or specimen plants. The last three increase from thick underground running roots, and are best used where a forest effect is wanted.

Bambusa Alphonse Karri (Golden Canes) Japan.

A variety having yellow stems reaching 15 to 20 ft. in height. Mature stems 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter, with fine green foliage.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_\$5.00 each

Bambusa argentea striata. Japan.

A variety having green stems, yellow striped, reaching 20 to 40 ft. in height. Mature stems I to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter, with green foliage, which, when new, has a white stripe down the center of the leaf.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_3 yr. old clumps\_\_\_\_\_\$5.00 each

Bambusa nana (Curley Leaf Bamboo) Japan.

A smaller-growing variety reaching 10 to 15 ft. in height. Mature stems  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 1 inch in diameter with fine, green, curly foliage.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_3 yr. old clumps\_\_\_\_\_\$5.00 each

Arundinaria Japonica (Japanese Cane) Japan.

Height 6 to 10 ft. Stems to  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch thick. Leaves large and showy, 6 to 10 inches long and 1 to 2 inches wide. A very hardy variety, splendid for background planting and where a thick, shut out hedge is wanted.

Balled Single canes \$1.00 each

Phyllostachys bambusoides (Giant Timber Bamboo) China.

Height to 85 ft. in rich bottom lands. Girth 16 inches. Stems dark green, very showy where forest effect is wanted. One of the hardiest; will stand 0° and lower.

Balled Single canes \$1.25 each

Phyllostachys pubescens (Edible Bamboo) China.

Height 20 to 50 ft. Girth to 20 inches in rich bottom land. A wonderful plant for forest effect; the young shoots are delicious cooked as a vegetable and are a very favorite dish in China and Japan.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\$1.25 each

# Bulbs and Flowering Plants

In this class are to be found those subjects that are rich in tropical effects and that consequently are at their best during the summer months. Planted around the pool and in secluded spots in the garden, they are very effective.

Alpinia nutans (Ginger Shell Flower) E. Indies.

Many-stemmed, leafy evergreen plant, with ginger-like roots reaching 8 to 10 ft. in height. Striking foliage, dark green leaves drooping in a spike-like raceme. Individual flowers resemble an orchid, yellow with pink suffusion, very sweet scented. Fine subject for foliage masses where tropical effect is desired, especially attractive when planted by water side.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

Aspidistra lurida. China.

A popular foliage plant, with large, stiff, shining leaves springing immediately from the ground. Leaves are practically stemless, 18 to 24 inches long and 3 to 5 inches wide. Used extensively for indoor decoration and for planting in shady places where dark foliage effect is desired.

Balled or in pots\_\_\_\_\_per leaf\_\_\_\_\_\$ .15 each

Colocasia antiquorum (Elephant Ear) India.

Herbaceous perennial arising from large rhizomes or tubers. Grown principally for their magnificent tropical foliage, which reaches large proportions under good culture, often 2 to 3 ft. long and 1½ to 2 ft. wide; shaped somewhat like an elephant's ear. Unsurpassed for foliage effects by water and for foreground planting in shrubbery where tropical aspect is desired.

Balled Large bulbs .... \$ .75 each

Colocasia odorata (Tree Elephant's Ear) E. Asia.

Similar to the above, but with larger leaves and longer stems.

Balled \_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

Crinum finbriatulum (Milk and Wine Lily) Lower Guinea.

Herbaceous, bulbous plant with a heavy stem with more or less elongated neck. Foliage light green, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. long and 2 to 3 inches wide, arching and reaching to the ground. Flowers are borne on long stems well above the foliage, trumpet-shaped, 4 to 5 inches long in trusses, white with distinct red veins, fragrant. Fine for foreground plantings where tropical effect is desired, also good subject for the waterside.

Bare root Large bulbs \$ .50 each
Balled Strong clumps \$1.50 each

Hedychium coronarium (Common Ginger Lily) Asia.  Many-stemmed, leafy, evergreen plant with ginger-like roots, closely resembling the Alpinia. Leaves are Canna-like green, smooth above, hairy beneath. Flowers are borne in a terminal spike, very showy, pure white and long-tubed, 2 to 3 inches across, very fragrant. Good subject where tropical effects are desired.  Balled
Hemerocallis citrina (Gold Day Lily) China.  A fine leafed variety of this popular plant, flowers deep gold, resembling Easter lilies. Very fragrant.  BalledStrong plants\$ .75 each
Hemerocallis flava (Day Lily) Eastern Europe.  Popular, stout-rooted perennial, with abundant foliage, 18 to 24 inches long and 1 to 1½ inches wide, arching. Lemon yellow, lily-like flowers are borne on long stems. Blooms in early summer and is an excellent subject for mass and foreground planting.  Balled  Strong plants  \$ .75 each
Hemerocallis fulva. China.  An orange colored, flowering variety.  BalledStrong plants\$ .75 each
Iris germanica (German Iris) Southern Europe.  Widely-known perennial with rhizomes or bulb-like root stocks. Narrow leaves 6 to 12 inches long with an erect habit. Flowers in terminal heads on long stalks 18 inches or more high. Colors vary from pure white to dark maroon, and are very effective for foreground planting.  Bare root
Iris Kaempferi (Japanese Iris) Japan.  More robust in habit than Germanica with leaves 1 to 1½ ft. long, with beautiful flowers 5 to 8 inches across. Should be planted in rich, damp soil. An excellent subject for the water side.  Bare root
Lantana camarra (Bush Lantana) Tropical America.  Very floriferous under shrub, much branched with small foliage. Flowers continuously throughout the year in sheltered situations in dense, rather flattopped heads, 1½ to 2 inches across, bright red in color. Excellent for color effects in masses and for foreground planting. Should be severely pruned when signs of new growth show in early spring.  Balled
Lantana Sellowiana (Trailing Lantana) S. America.  Very distinct in habit to Lantana camarra. Twiggy, slender plant, with trailing branches. Very showy with small, rosy, lilac colored flowers covering entire plant practically throughout the year. Very good subject for covering low fences 2 to 3 ft. in height.  Balled  Strong plant  \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50 each
Musa chinensis (Finger Banana) South China.  Tree-like herb, with perennial root stock. Fleshy stem 3 to 4 ft. high, with spreading leaves 2 to 3 ft. long and 1 to 1½ ft. wide. Increases in size

by throwing up new shoots from the base. Fine subject for tropical effects in shrubbery and water side plantings.  BalledMedium clumps\$2.00 each
Musa oranocensis (Oranoco Banana).  A larger and more imposing variety than the preceding.  BalledMedium clumps\$2.00 each
Musa ensete (Abyssinian Banana).  Differs from the two preceding varieties in having only one stem and not producing new shoots from the base. The largest as well as perhaps the oldest known variety. Stem often 12 to 20 ft. high and 18 inches in diameter, with enormous leaves 12 to 15 ft. long and 1½ to 2 ft. wide. Unexcelled for tropical effect.  BalledSmall plants\$2.50 each
Salvia leucantha (Purple Sage) Mexico.  Shrubby perennial, 1½ to 2 ft. high with dense, woolly, sage-like foliage.  Flowers are borne on erect stems a foot or more in height, of a deep purplish color. Useful for foundation planting, as it blooms until late fall.  Balled
Salvia farinacea (Blue Sage) Texas.  Similar to Leucantha but larger and looser in growth. Very showy when in bloom; of a pleasing blue color.  BalledStrong plants
Grasses and Yuccas
Bocconia cordata (Plume Poppy) China.  A tall-growing, herbaceous perennial, reaching 8 to 10 ft. in height. Striking foliage, large and many-lobed, heart-shaped leaves of a light green color. The small, poppy-like flowers without petals are borne in large, feathery or plume-like masses in terminal panicles raised high above the foliage, and make a bold, striking effect in shrubbery and background planting.  Balled Medium clumps 5.75 each
Cyperus alternifolius (Umbrella Sedge) Madagascar.  A grass-like perennial, 2 to 4 ft. in height. Curious, grass-like flowers are borne in clusters on stems 2 to 3 ft. high, surrounded by grass-like leaves 8 to 12 inches long and ½ inch wide, shaped like a many-ribbed umbrella. Excellent for aquatic effects, as it grows well with its roots partly or even wholly submerged.  Balled Medium clumps \$1.50 each
Cyperus papyrus (Egyptian Paper Plant) Egypt.  This is the plant from which the famous Egyptian paper is made. One of our most striking and beautiful subjects for water effects. Growing to a height of 10 to 12 ft. with stems 2 inches and more in diameter, with flowering heads often 3 ft. across. Can be planted in soil where roots reach into the water or planted in boxes entirely submerged.  Balled Medium clumps \$1.50 each

Cynbopogon citratus (Lemon Grass, Citronella Oil Plant) Tropical Asia.
Ornamental grass with aromatic properties from which oil of Citronella is produced. Grows 2 to 3 ft. high and is useful for foreground planting.  BalledMedium clumps
Miscanthus sinensis gracillimus (Maiden Grass) Tropical Asia.  Tall, perennial, ornamental grass with leaves long and narrow, ½ inch wide and 4 ft. in height, and where grown as individual specimens makes clumps 5 ft. in diameter. Its long, tassel-like flowers, whitish in color, are very effective in borders or as individual specimens.  Balled
Miscanthus sinensis zebrinus (Zebra Grass) Tropical Asia.  A larger leaved variety having zebra-like yellow stripes, the entire length of the leaf. A very pleasing contrast to the foregoing.  Balled Medium clumps\$ .50 each
Ophiopogon japonicus (Snakebeard) Japan.  Ornamental perennial, stemless grass, with dark green leaves 6 to 8 inches long and less than ½ inch wide. Much used for border edging. It needs no clipping and makes a dark green, excellent ground cover under trees where practically nothing else will grow.  BalledMedium clumps\$ .50 each
Thalia dealbata (Bog Plant) Southern States.  A stately, aquatic perennial, having large, long-stemmed, Canna-like leaves 1 to 2 ft. long. Interesting flowers are borne in pairs on erect stems, often 10 ft. high, blue in color. Should be planted in shallow water or in wet soil.  Balled
Vitiveria zizanoides (Vetivere) E. Indies.  Aromatic, perennial, ornamental grass with long panicles of numerous slender racemes. It has very aromatic rhizomous roots, much used in medicines and perfumes from prehistoric times. Excellent for border plantings.  Balled
Yucca aloifolia (Spanish Dagger) Mexico.  Striking desert plants with dagger-like foliage, growing almost horizontally from a stiff stem 3 to 4 ft. in height. Leaves are dark green with a brownish tinge; 6 to 9 inches long and 1½ to 1½ inches wide, and a sharp, strong spike at the ends of the leaves. Flowers are borne on strong, erect spikes, 3 to 4 ft. long, and covered with white, lily-like, drooping flowers. Excellent subject for tropical effects and useful for vases, etc.  Balled
Yucca aloifolia variegata. Mexico.  A variety of aloifolia, with larger leaves and a yellowish white stripe down the center. A very fine and striking variety.  Balled
Yucca filamentosa (Bear Grass) Southern States.  A variety having very little stem and long, green, arching leaves I to 1½ ft. long and I to 1½ inches wide. Fine, thread-like hairs are borne on the edges of the leaves and the spines are less formidable than aloifolia.  Balled

Yucca latifolia. Southern States.

Perhaps the most attractive of all the Yuccas. Leaves are larger than the other varieties, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. long, drooping, and 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide. Flowers are bolder and very attractive, spikes reaching 4 to 5 ft. in height. Splendid variety for bold effects, either in beds or foreground planting.

Balled\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yr. old plants\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.25 each

#### Citrus Fruits

Orange. Jungle Gardens Hybrid.

A variety originated by E. A. McIlhenny at Avery Island, Louisiana, by crossing the Louisiana Sweet on the Washington Naval. This orange is large, delightfully flavored, and as hardy as satsumas. The fruit has taken first premiums wherever shown.

Balled \_\_\_\_\_\_\$1.50 each

Fortunella margarita (Kumquat) Japan.

Evergreen shrub or small tree dense in growth and much-branched, reaching 8 to 10 ft. in height. Foliage bright, glossy green, leaves  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches long and  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 inch wide. Flowers resembling an orange flower and very fragrant. Fruit is like a miniature orange and is useful for the making of marmalade and crystallized fruits. A well-grown specimen is a gorgeous sight when in full fruit; should be planted in a sheltered and sunny position. Round fruited and oblong fruited.

Balled 510.00 each Small bearing trees 510.00 each Small bearing trees 51.25 each

# Roses

We offer only the varieties that bloom every month in which there is no frost, and are best adapted for the South.

Captain Christy.

Beautiful peach blow pink, darker center, large and full. Good grower, free bloomer.

Bare root Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.50 each Balled & Burlapped Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.75 each

Columbia.

Light pink, deepening as bud opens, color becoming more intense until full maturity; deliciously fragrant; good but not strong grower.

Bare root Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.50 each Balled & Burlapped Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.75 each

Francis Scott Key.

Bright crimson, a big rose with broad, curled petals, a vigorous upright grower.

Bare root Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.50 each
Balled & Burlapped Large 2 yr. old bushes 5.75 each

Frau Karl Druschki.  The best white rose; flowers immense and very double, continuous bloomer;
a strong grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
General Jacqueminot.  Bright crimson; a profuse bloomer, medium grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
General MacArthur.  Scarlet crimson. Large, double, very fragrant flowers. Very strong grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
Gruss an Teplitz.  Vivid red, one of the most vigorous of all roses, a strong, healthy grower, and ever bloomer with a delightful perfume.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
Jonkheer J. L. Mock.  Clear pink. Very fragrant, extremely strong, vigorous grower, blooms with greatest freedom.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.  Creamy white to primrose; very large, double; buds large and pointed.  Foliage very fine; best white rose for the South.  Bare root  Large 2 yr. old bushes  \$ .50 each  Balled & Burlapped  Large 2 yr. old bushes  \$ .75 each
Lady Hillingdon.  Deep, apricot-yellow, lovely bud, semi-double when open. Slight fragrance. A vigorous grower, free bloomer.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each Balled & Burlapped_Large 2 yr. old bushes_\$ .75 each
Luxemburg.  Salmon rose, very distinctive. A free bloomer and vigorous grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
Madame Caroline Testout.  Bright rose pink, flowers large size, very fragrant. A medium grower and abundant bloomer.
Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
Mrs. B. R. Cant.  Deep rose, with silvery center, very strong grower with large foliage and flowers.
Bare root Large 2 yr. old bushes \$ .50 each Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes \$ .75 each

Ophelia.	
Brigh	t salmon, tipped rose on outer edge of petals, very fragrant, good Flowers almost always perfect.
	Bare root
Paul Ney	yron.
Very tall, v	to imperial pink, extremely large, fine form, delightfully fragrant. vigorous grower, continuous bloomer, very few to no thorns.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
]	dark pink, full, good form, fragrant, good grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
Dark well, very ]	e (Pink). salmon-pink to silver flesh, open flowers, somewhat cupped. Lasts fragrant. Remarkably strong grower, ever-bloomer. Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
grower, ev	e (Red).  endid, even shade of clear red and of good cupped form, vigorous er-bloomer.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
]	Brunner.  ry red, profuse bloomer, very fragrant, fair grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & BurlappedLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
	Climbing Roses
Deep, blooms, lan	g Black Prince.  , velvety crimson, shaded blackish maroon, overlaying fiery scarlet rge semi-double on long, stiff stems. A splendid rose.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & Burlapped_Large 2 yr. old bushes\$ .75 each
Light maturity, o	Columbia.  pink, deepening as bud opens, becoming more intense until full deliciously fragrant, good but not very strong grower.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes
Crean Foliage ver	g Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.  ny white to primrose, very large double, buds large and pointed.  ry fine. Best white climbing rose for the South.  Bare rootLarge 2 yr. old bushes\$ .50 each  Balled & Burlapped Large 2 yr. old bushes \$ .75 each

Climbing Marechal Niel. Deep chrome yellow, climbs to a great height and blooms in great profusion. No better climbing rose. Bare root Large 2 yr. old bushes \$ .50 each Balled & Burlapped\_Large 2 yr. old bushes\_\$ .75 each Peaches We carry only the peaches that are especially valuable for home and market growing in the South. Alexander. Habit round, compact, foliage thick, leaves medium. Blooms middle to late March, ripens early June. Fruit medium, globular, greenish white with red cheek, a heavy bearer, quality medium, but valuable on account of its earliness; semi-cling. Chinese Cling. Habit low and spreading with dense foliage, leaves large. Blooms middle to late March; fruit ripens middle July. Very large, globular, very juicy, skin creamy white, clingstone. Quality best. Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$ .50 each Early Crawford. Habit open, growth vigorous, leaves large. Blooms middle to late March, ripens middle July. Fruit large, globular, bright yellow overspread with red. Flesh lemon yellow, free stone, quality good, an enormous bearer. Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$.50 each Elberta. Habit open, spreading, growth vigorous, leaves large. Blooms middle March, ripens middle July. Fruit very large, free stone, bright yellow with red cheek, quality fair, an enormous producer, good shipper. Bare root \$ .50 each Sneed.

Habit low spreading, foliage dense, leaves large. Blooms middle to late March. Ripens early June. Fruit white, highly colored red, a heavy bearer, quality good, semi-cling.

Triumph.

Habit tall, open, very vigorous. Blooms middle March. Flowers red, ripens middle June, fruit medium, rusty red, flesh vellow, semi-cling, quality fair, an enormous producer.

# Plums

We offer only those best adapted for the Southern garden.

Burbank.

Tree vigorous grower, upright branches. Fruit large, dark red mottled over yellow, flesh deep yellow, firm and juicy.

Bare root\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$ .50 each

Kelsey.  Tree strong grower, bearing while young heavy crops of large greenish
yellow fruit, flushed with red. Flavor fine, juicy.
Bare root
Satsuma.  Tree upright grower of medium size. Fruit large, dull red with greenish dots, quality good; a splendid keeper and good shipper.
Bare root
Terrel.  A strong, healthy grower, fruit large, reddish yellow mottled with wind color when full ripe, firm and juicy, one of the finest for the extreme South  Bare root
<u>_</u>
Pears
We offer only two, as these are the only sure croppers of merit in the
South. Keifer.
A vigorous grower, bearing enormous crops of large yellow fruit, with vermilion cheek, the best of all pears for cooking and canning.  Bare root
Garber.  A vigorous grower, fruit resembling the Keifer, but much earlier and
quality better for the table.
Bare root
Pecans
We offer four of the large paper shell varieties that over a long test have proved the heaviest bearers, the best table and best market varieties. We have found trees 4 to 5 ft. size the most economical, and surest growers.
Stuart.
A vigorous, upright grower, bearing heavy crops of large, full-meated nuts of excellent quality.
Bare root
Success.  Tree rapid grower, regular and heavy bearer, nuts large, thin shell, crack
well. None better.
Bare root 4-5 ft. \$1.25 each
Moneymaker.  A vigorous, upright grower, nuts of good size, round and easily cracked.
Kernel full, rich, a splendid bearer and does well on any land.  Bare root
Schley.
A good, upright grower, bearing a great abundance of medium sized nuts, of unsurpassed quality.
Bare root
0.0

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